

WFUNA

801 First Avenue 3rd Floor New York, NY, 10017

Email: wimun@wfuna.org Phone: +41 (0) 22 917 32 74 Instagram: @wimunsecretariat



WIMUN NY 2025

ANNOTATED BIBLIOGRAPHY

STRENGTHENING OF THE COORDINATION OF EMERGENCY HUMANITARIAN ASSISTANCE OF THE UNITED NATIONS

Simulation: ECOSOC Plenary

Welcome to WIMUN New York 2025,

We are very pleased to introduce you to the most authentic simulation of the United Nations in the world; and hope to contribute to your understanding of the Organisation, its mandate, and its critical role in global affairs.

Through a series of pre-conference webinars that will be offered and documents – like this resource guide – we aim to educate you not only about the global issues on the UN agenda, but also about the ways and means through which those topics are discussed, debated and negotiated by real UN diplomats.

This resource guide will provide you with a head start in doing research to gain a deeper understanding of the global issue that you will be discussing and the actions that the government you have been assigned recommends that the international community should take to address this issue. To make the research process a bit easier, the resource guide has been divided into sections and sub-sections to assist you in researching these two components. We strongly recommend you to give a careful look through the sources listed below so that the interaction with your peers is as exciting as possible.

We wish you all the very best in this journey of learning!

Strengthening of the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations

Strengthening of the Coordination of Emergency Humanitarian Assistance of the United Nations focuses on enhancing the punctuality and effectiveness of global responses to humanitarian crises; the influx of natural disasters, armed conflicts, and an increase in global health crises, a higher emphasis is placed on prioritizing coordination and delivering relief efforts to affected populations in a timely manner. To initiate the timely execution and rapid response in such crises the United Nations has established frameworks to support the implementation of such measures through the establishment of funds such as the United Nations Global Emergency Response Fund, CERF which enables humanitarian responders to deliver free life-saving assistance towards the affected populations in the situation of a crises such as natural disasters and armed conflicts.

Furthermore, the establishment of agencies such as the OCHA, UNHCR, UNICEF, WFP, WHO, UNDP, ECOSOC, etc. have contributed significantly to the 3 million people every year across 83 different countries that the United Nations have coordinated humanitarian assistance towards. To achieve these goals, however, the United Nations has faced many discrepancies in the past such as lack of coordination which can be seen in the case of the Haiti Earthquake (2010), resulting in overlapping efforts, misallocation of resources, and delayed delivery of aid. Additional issues such as limited use of technology and data, inadequate local capacity building, and lack of communication between relief and government organizations have also hampered relief efforts in the past.

The United Nations nevertheless, has taken major steps towards the mitigation of such issues with more advanced technology and well-rehearsed responses and protocols towards crisis assuagement which allows them to prioritize going forward, the development of enhanced warning systems, strengthening humanitarian financing, more efficient communication systems, integrating disaster risk reduction and promoting inclusive and equitable assistance. The United Nations' prioritization of integral cooperation on this matter is crucial in mitigating disaster-affected populations as any disruptions to this system will occur at the expense of human lives. With 14 percent of the world's population affected by war and 86,000 lives taken due to natural disasters in the most recent year 2023, these populations grow with the increase of humanitarian crises such as armed conflicts, poverty, and global warming. To aid in the diminution of such issues the United Nations takes on the responsibility of mobilizing and optimally and promptly allocating emergency assistance, oftentimes working alongside the government, NGOs (non-governmental organizations), and/or international organizations to coordinate these responses. Furthermore, this topic seeks to shed light on protecting affected groups ensuring that the humanitarian principles of neutrality, impartiality, and independence are upheld.

Key Points and Main Issues

When discussing "Strengthening the coordination of emergency humanitarian assistance of the United Nations," delegates need to understand the UN's core humanitarian principles—humanity, neutrality, impartiality, and independence—and the roles of key agencies like OCHA, Central Emergency Response Fund (CERF), and specialized agencies like UNHCR and WFP. They should explore challenges such as resource gaps, limited access, and data-sharing issues, while emphasizing the Humanitarian-Development-Peace Nexus to balance immediate relief with long-term solutions. Addressing global challenges like protracted crises, climate change, and global inequalities, alongside promoting compliance with International Humanitarian Law (IHL), is critical. Delegates should also consider innovative financing, partnerships with local actors, private sectors, and civil society, and learn from case studies of recent emergencies. Lastly, they should propose reforms to improve efficiency, accountability, and the inclusion of diverse stakeholders in humanitarian coordination. Here is a summary of some of the main issues related to this topic that could help guide the drafting and negotiation of a resolution on this important topic:

- Coordination Challenges: The UN's humanitarian assistance often involves multiple agencies, NGOs, and governments. In order to avoid duplication of efforts and ensure that aid reaches those in need, coordination between UN agencies, governments, and NGOS involved in providing humanitarian assistance needs to be improved. Improving coordination between these entities is essential for effective disaster response.
- Resource Mobilization: Ensuring that sufficient funds, supplies, and personnel are available for rapid deployment in emergencies. This includes pre-positioning resources in disaster-prone areas.
- Access and Security: Humanitarian efforts are often hampered by conflicts, political restrictions, or logistical challenges that prevent aid from reaching those in need. Negotiating access and ensuring the safety of humanitarian workers is critical.
- **Technology and Innovation**: Leveraging new technologies, such as satellite imagery, drones, and data analytics, to improve disaster response. Innovations can enhance early warning systems, logistics, and real-time coordination.

Key Points and Main Issues (cont.)

- Long-term Impact: Beyond immediate relief, humanitarian assistance should focus on long-term recovery and resilience-building. This involves integrating disaster risk reduction into development planning with an emphasis on long-term recovery and supporting sustainable livelihoods.
- Capacity Building: Enhancing the capacity of local governments and communities to respond to disasters. This includes training, infrastructure development, and the establishment of early warning systems.
- **Humanitarian Principles**: Ensuring that humanitarian action adheres to the principles of neutrality, impartiality, independence, and humanity. This is particularly challenging in conflict zones where access may be restricted.
- Climate Change Adaptation: Recognizing the increasing role of climate change in driving humanitarian crises, such as extreme weather events and displacement, humanitarian assistance must also focus on building resilience and reducing vulnerability to climate-related disasters.

GENERAL RESOURCE RESOURCE

Remarks by UN PGA at the Event on Mental Health of Children and Young People: How Can We Do Better?

2024

Summary: At a United Nations event on the mental health of children and young people in April 2024, the President of the General Assembly (PGA) made remarks that included the following topics: investing in mental health, involving children and young people, protecting human rights, eliminating stigma, leveraging digital technologies and addressing the mental health crisis in conflicts. The PGA highlighted the particularly acute mental health crisis for children in conflicts and humanitarian emergencies, such as in Gaza, Ukraine, Sudan, and Haiti.

Strengthening mental health and psychosocial support before, during and after armed conflicts, natural and human-caused disasters and health and other emergencies (WHA resolution 77.3)

2024

Summary: This WHO resolution recognizes in the preambular section the toll that armed conflicts, natural and human-cause disasters and health and other emergencies have had on the mental health of children and youth, who are disproportionately at risk of experiencing traumatic events that disrupts their cognitive, social and emotional development. In the operative section it calls for a number of actions to reduce the suffering of children and adolescents and increase support for mental health and psychosocial services. WHA resolution 77.3 is a followup to the Political Declaration that was adopted by the Executive Board in 2023 (see next link).

<u>Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS)</u> (UNHCR)

2024

Summary: The term 'mental health and psychosocial support' (MHPSS) refers to any type of local or outside support that aims to protect or promote psychosocial well-being or prevent or treat mental health conditions. MHPSS is not confined to a single sector but requires a multi-sectoral approach with involvement of partners in health, education and protection (community-based protection, child protection and Gender-based Violence [GBV]).

Mental health of Adolescents

2024

2023

Summary: This WHO webpage provides a general introduction to the mental health of adolescents with an emphasis on mental health determinants, emotional, behavioural and eating disorders, suicide, early detection and treatment and what WHO is doing to assist governments in responding to the health needs of adolescents.

Political declaration of the third high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the prevention and control of non-communicable diseases, and mental health

Summary: This Political Declaration preceded and led to Resolution WHA 77.3 (see above). While mental health is not the only focus of this declaration, it is an important element. There is a section of the Declaration that provides statistics and an update on progress made towards achieving mental health-related Sustainable Development Goals and the impact of COVID-19 on disrupting progress improving mental health. It also introduces the The UNICEF and WHO Joint Programme on Mental Health and Psychosocial Well-being and Development of Children and Adolescents and lists the countries that have joined the Programme (Bhutan, Colombia, Egypt, Guyana, Jordan, Maldives, Mozambique and Papua New Guinea). If you have been assigned one of these countries, you should further explore how your country is involved in this programme.

How school systems can improve health and wellbeing: topic brief: mental health

2023

Summary: This policy brief emphasizes the role of mental health in supporting the achievement of educational goals and how interventions can be amplified through a school-focused approach.

WHO Policy Brief on the health aspects of decriminalization of suicide and suicide attempts

2023

Summary: The WHO Global Mental Health Action Plan aims to reduce global suicide mortality rate by 1/3 by 2030. Unfortunately, suicide and suicide attempts remain illegal in 23 countries worldwide. This reports cites evidence on the harmful effects of such laws, and the need for decriminalization of suicide and suicide attempts globally.

Report of the second meeting of the Strategic and **Technical Advisory Group for Mental Health, Brain Health and Substance Use**

2023

Strengthening Mental Health and Psychosocial Support in UNHCR: Annual Report 2023

2023

Summary: This report outlines some of the major milestones achieved by UNHCR towards ensuring the mental health and well-being of refugees in 2023. This includes multi-sectoral monitoring with indicators on the number of people who have received Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) services.

<u>UNICEF and WHO joint programme on mental health</u> and psychosocial well-being and development of children and adolescents

2022

Summary: The UNICEF and WHO Joint Programme on Mental Health and Psychosocial Well-being and Development of Children and Adolescents aims to reduce suffering and improve the mental health of children and adolescents in countries targeted under the joint programme by 2030, in line with the Sustainable Development Goals set forth by the UNDP.

Mental Health at Work

2022

Summary: This is a policy brief jointly released by the ILO and WHO that calls for global action to address mental health at work. It describes practical strategies for governments, employers and workers in the public and private sectors, and also emphasizes on minimizing occupational psychosocial risks in the workplace.

2022 **Manual on Community-based Mental Health and Psychosocial Support in Emergencies and Displacement**

Summary: This manual released by the International Organization for Migration aims to facilitate MHPSS experts and managers in designing, implementing and evaluating mental health and psychosocial support services for displaced populations in humanitarian settings.

(GENERAL) (CONT. JN RESOURCES

The Global Coalition for Youth Mental Health (UNICEF) 2022

Summary: This report outlines some of the major milestones achieved by UNHCR towards ensuring the mental health and well-being of refugees in 2023. This includes multi-sectoral monitoring with indicators on the number of people who have received Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) services.

THE STATE OF THE WORLD 'S CHILDREN 2021 On My Mind: Promoting, protecting and caring for children's mental health (UNICEF)

2021

Summary: This publication from UNICEF focuses on the impact of poor mental health on children and stresses the importance of psychosocial support and services for young people.

<u>LIVE LIFE: An implementation guide for suicide</u> <u>prevention in countries</u>

2021

Summary: LIVE LIFE is WHO's contribution towards the creation of comprehensive national suicide prevention strategies. The multipurpose guide can be used by countries with or without an existing suicide prevention strategy, national or local centres and community stakeholders involved in suicide prevention, mental health and addiction counseling.

Comprehensive Mental Health Action Plan 2013-2030 2021

Summary: The 66th World Health Assembly adopted the WHO's Comprehensive Mental Health Action Plan 2013-2020 in May 2013. In 2019, the action plan was extended until 2030 by the 72nd World Health Assembly. Then in 2021, the 74th World Health Assembly endorsed updates to the action plan. The updated Plan includes specific strategies to improve adolescents' mental health and addresses the need for prevention and treatment of youth at risk as well as universal coverage for mental health services.

(GENERAL) (CONT. JN RESOURCES

<u>Guidelines on mental health promotive and preventive</u> 2020 interventions for adolescents

Summary: This guideline provides evidence-based recommendations on psychosocial interventions to promote mental health and reduce self-harm and other at-risk behaviors in adolescents. It aims to strengthen health and education systems whilst informing policy development across all sectors and services.

Adolescent Health Dashboards

2023

Summary: Country profiles covering a wide range of demographic indicators as well as what national policies and plans to support adolescent development have been developed. Check to see if your country has a strategy or plan for adolescent mental health and if it does try to find it on the Internet.

Mental Health Atlas 2020

2020

Summary: The Mental Health Atlas, released every three years, is a compilation of data provided by countries around the world on mental health policies, legislation, financing, human resources, availability and utilization of services and data collection systems. It serves as a guide for countries for the development and planning of mental health services

Asia Pacific

World Mental Health Day: Mental Health is a Universal Human Right

Summary: A statement issued by the WHO Regional Director for South-East Asia on the need to recognize mental health as a universal human right, entitled to all, regardless of location, occupation or identity.

STRENGTHENING MENTAL HEALTH AND PSYCHOSOCIAL SUPPORT SYSTEMS AND SERVICES for children and adolescents in East Asia and Pacific Region: Thailand Country Report: (UNICEF)

Summary: This report provides an overview of the mental health and psychosocial challenges and recommendations for strengthening the mental health system in East Asia and the Pacific.

Australia's youth: Mental illness - Australian Institute 2022 of Health and Welfare

Summary: This survey found that a significant number of children and adolescents experience mental health issues.

<u>UNICEF report spotlights on the mental health impact</u> **2021** <u>of COVID-19 in children and young people</u>

Summary: This highlights the deep and long-lasting impact of COVID-19 on children's and young people's mental health. 2021 Australia's youth: Mental illness - Australian Institute of Health and Welfare Summary: This survey found that a significant number of children and adolescents experience mental health issues.

Africa

Mental Health: A right for all (WHO Africa-Angola)

2024

Summary: This article is about an event organized by the Angolan Ministry of Health on the mental health situation in Angola. The event offered an opportunity for journalists, digital influencers and specialists from the different institutions to exchange experiences and learn about the problem of mental health in Angola. It emphasizes the importance of mental health as a fundamental human right. It underscores the need for inclusive mental health policies and services to ensure that all individuals, especially those in marginalized communities, have access to necessary mental health care.

<u>Taking stock of children's mental and psychosocial</u> <u>wellbeing in Ethiopia during COVID-19 (UNICEF)</u>

2020

Summary: This report highlights the significant mental health challenges children and young people faced during the pandemic in Ethiopia.

A RESOUR

Latin America and the Caribbean

Mental health and psychosocial well-being support case study: Ecuador (UNICEF)

2021

Summary: This case study highlights how mental health and psychosocial well-being services are integrated into the education system of Ecuador.

THE STATE OF THE WORLD 'S CHILDREN 2021 On My Mind: Promoting, protecting and caring for children's mental health: Regional brief Latin America and the Caribbean (UNICEF)

2021

Summary: This report provides a regional perspective on the state of children's well-being in Latin America and the Caribbean, focusing on the impacts of the COVID-19 pandemic and other factors affecting children and adolescents in the region that includes two case studies of Peru and Mexico.

Mental Health Atlas of the Americas 2020

2020

Summary: The WHO Mental Health Atlas is the best-known and most comprehensive resource for information on mental health resources globally. It aims to provide up-to-date information on the existence of mental health services and resources, including mental health policies and legislation, financing, the availability and utilization of mental health services and human resources, and mental health promotion and prevention. This 2020 edition of the Mental Health Atlas of the Americas, based on data from 2018 to 2020, is an important compilation of information on mental health systems

Europe

WHO EUROPEAN FRAMEWORK FOR ACTION ON MENTAL 2021 HEALTH 2021–2025

Summary: The WHO European Framework for Action on Mental Health (EFAMH), covering the period 2021–2025, sets out a response to current mental health challenges arising from the negative impact that the COVID19 pandemic has had on population mental health and well-being. The EFAMH provides a coherent basis for increasing efforts to safeguard mental well-being as an integral element of COVID-19 response and recovery; to counter the stigma and discrimination associated with mental health conditions; and to advocate for and promote investment in accessible quality mental health services.

<u>Paving the way for quality mental health care in Ukraine (WHO)</u>

2021

Summary: Ukraine approved a new National Mental Health Action Plan to improve mental health care across the country. The plan integrates mental health services into general health care and emphasizes the development of community-based mental health teams.

The Mental Health Burden Affecting Europe's Children (UNICEF) 2021

Summary: This article summarizes actions European institutions and governments need to take to address the suicide rate among European youth which is the second leading cause of death among youth in Europe.

Remarks by Member States at the Event on Mental Health of Children and Young People: How Can We Do Better?

2024

Summary: At a United Nations event on the mental health of children and young people in April 2024, the following Member States made statements on this issue: Qatar, Canada, Mexico, Indonesia, Kuwait, South Africa, Grenada, Poland, Ukraine, Bahrain, Japan, and Singapore. Even if your country did not make a statement at this event, these speeches can give you a good idea of what real diplomats say when speaking about mental health and youth.

Statements submitted by Member States and other participants at the Seventy-seventh World Health **Assembly**

2024

Summary: During the 77th Session of the World Health Assembly, Member States discussed mental health under agenda item 11.2 ("Follow-up to the political declaration of the third high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the prevention and control of non-communicable diseases"). If your country is listed in the first column under Committee A, which is titled "Items 11.1, 11.2", you should read the statement to see if there is any reference to mental health. Two examples are provided below. These are good examples of what real ambassadors say during Committee A meetings and could be useful to helping you write your own statement that you will have a chance to deliver during the General Discussion segment of the simulation.

Agenda Item 11.2: Follow-up to the political declaration of the third high-level meeting of the **General Assembly on the prevention and control of non-communicable diseases**

2024

Summary: This is Grenada's statement on agenda item 11.2 that contains many comments on mental health. While these comments are general, they can be applied to the mental health of adolescents. Compare this statement with the one delivered at the Event on Mental Health of Children and Young People listed above.

STATEMENTS OR DOCUMENT

DECLARACIÓN DE LA REPÚBLICA DOMINICANA EN RELACIÓN A LA COBERTURA SANITARIA UNIVERSAL, SEGUIMIENTO A LA DECLARACIÓN SOBRE PREVENCIÓN Y CONTROL DE LAS ENT Y SALUD MENTAL/DECLARATION OF THE DOMINICAN REPUBLIC REGARDING HEALTH COVERAGE UNIVERSAL, FOLLOW-UP TO THE DECLARATION ON PREVENTION AND CONTROL OF NCDs AND MENTAL HEALTH

2024

Summary: The country position of the Dominican Republic on agenda item 11.2 ("Follow-up to the political declaration of the third high-level meeting of the General Assembly on the prevention and control of noncommunicable diseases") of the World Health Assembly's 77th session. The list of countries aligned with this declaration include: Argentina, Bahamas, Brazil, China, Chile, Costa Rica, Denmark, Ecuador, El Salvador, Guatemala, Guyana, Haiti, Mexico, Nicaragua, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, and Uruguay.

Children's Mental Health

2023

Summary: A useful fact sheet by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention on commonly asked questions in children's mental health.

Statements

35th Commonwealth Health Ministers Meeting Ministerial Statement

2023

Summary: A statement issued at the 35th Commonwealth Health Ministers Meeting with the theme 'Getting universal health coverage in the Commonwealth on track for 2030' recognizes the importance of integrating primary healthcare, mental healthcare and digital healthcare technologies to achieve UHC.

ASEAN Plus Three Leaders' Statement on Cooperation on Mental Health Amongst Adolescents and Young Children

Summary: Declaration by ASEAN countries on mental health adopted at 24th ASEAN Plus Three Summit. It encourages Asia-Pacific countries to strengthen universal health coverage further by ensuring basic mental health care services and psychosocial support that are affordable and accessible and calls for more collaboration between Asia-Pacific countries, that aim to address mental health issues, particularly amongst adolescents and young persons. Anyone who has been assigned one of the 11 countries that are members of ASEAN can use this declaration to help define your country's position on child and adolescent mental health.

East Asia Summit Leaders' Statement on Mental Health Cooperation

2021

Summary: A statement issued during the 16th East Asia Summit under Brunei Darussalam's ASEAN chairmanship encouraging member states to advance regional and international cooperation on mental health through existing ASEAN-led platforms and mechanisms, aside from implementing the WHO Comprehensive Mental Health Action Plan.

Political Groups

<u>Tracking framework for the implementation of the Commission Communication on a comprehensive approach to mental health</u>

2024

Summary: Tracking Framework released by the European Commission to provide regular updates on the implementation of actions from the 'Communication on a comprehensive approach on mental health' adopted in June 2023.

Youth Mental Health Toolkit On 5 Emerging Issues in Africa (African Union)

Summary: The goal of this #ICanSurvive toolkit is to address the mental health challenges faced by African youth, stemming from the continent's complex social, political, and economic context. These challenges were identified through extensive engagements, including town hall meetings, community visits, consultations, and surveys, involving over 50 000 young people across Africa and the Diaspora in 2022

Regional Groups

PAHO

A New Agenda for Mental Health in the Americas:
Report of the Pan American Health Organization
High-Level Commission on Mental Health and
COVID-19

2024

Summary: This report published by the WHO Pan American Health Organization discusses unmet mental health needs in the Americas, which have negative impacts on human health and far-reaching socioeconomic consequences. This lack has been exacerbated by the recent pandemic, necessitating urgent action and intervention.

<u>Promotion Wellbeing and Mental Health in Schools</u>

2023

Summary: This Handbook published by PAHO is primarily for educators, to help them learn about mental health issues and better support them in educational environments.

<u>Policy for Improving Mental Health</u>

2023

Summary: This document presents a policy to guide and support member states of the WHO Pan American Health Organization to improve mental health as a means towards advancing health and socioeconomic development in the region.

<u>CD60/9 - Strategy for Improving Mental Health and</u> <u>Suicide Prevention in the Region of the Americas</u>

2023

Summary: Published by the 60th Directing Council during the 75th Session of the Regional Committee of WHO for the Americas, CD 60/9 details a strategy for improving mental health and suicide prevention in the pan-American region.

EMRO

Mental Health and Substance Abuse

2024

Summary: Provides an overview of key tools and guidance for the Eastern Medierranean Region to help you respond to the rising burden of mental health and substance use disorders in the Region, which is largely accounted for by the prevailing emergency situations.

Intercountry Meeting to Scale up Action on Mental Health in the Eastern Mediterranean Region

2023

Summary: Summary of the discussions that took place at the intercountry meeting to scale-up action on mental health in Cairo, 2023. This includes updates in the Eastern Mediterranean regional framework and a review of the progress made by member states thus far.

Integrating Mental Health in Primary Health Care

2023

Summary: Another publication by the WHO Eastern Mediterranean Regional Office that sets the context for integration of mental health services in primary healthcare.

Mental Health in Schools: A Manual

2021

Summary: A manual released by the WHO Eastern Mediterranean Regional Office that discusses strategies to provide holistic mental health support and promote psychosocial development in schools.

EURO

A comprehensive approach to mental health

2024

Summary: Provides an overview of what the European Commission is doing to put mental health on par with physical health by introducing 20 flagship initiatives.

Youth Engaged for Mental Health

2023

Summary: Published by the WHO Pan European Mental Health Coalition in response to repeated requests from youth members to be involved in the creation of policies that directly affect them.

WHO European Framework for Action on Mental Health 2021-2025

2022

Summary: Regional Framework for the WHO European Region, designed to support Member States in creating national strategies, plans and social policies on mental health, strengthening political advocacy and encouraging regional cooperation.

SEARO

Community-based mental health services in the WHO South-East Asia Region

2024

2024

Summary: Published by the WHO South-East Asian Regional Office after the adoption of the Paro Declaration in 2022 and the subsequent WHO SEARO Mental Health Action Plan, this report details the importance of mental healthcare in community-based settings and the progress made thus far.

Transitioning from Long-stay Services to Community Mental Health Networks: Towards Deinstitutionalization in the WHO South-East Asia Region

Summary: Based on the contents of the Paro Declaration and the WHO SEARO Mental Health Action Plan, this document discussed the possibilities of transitioning from long-stay services to community care, encouraging deinstitutionalization and mitigating the stigma associated with institutional care.

Deinstitutionalization of people with mental health conditions in the WHO South-East Asia Region

2024

Summary: Psychiatric hospitals have been long-associated with human rights violations and poor treatment. Deinstitutionalization has gained traction in recent years, supported by the Convention on the Rights of Persons with Disabilities. This report details the progress made in the WHO South-East Asian Region.

SEARO (cont.)

Mental Health in the South East Asia Region

2022

Summary: Provides links to country profiles on mental health in Bangladesh, Bhutan, India and Indonesia along with other resources on this topic.

WHO SEA Regional Collaborative Framework for Coordinated Response to Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) in Emergencies

2021

Summary: A technical document published by the WHO South-East Asian Regional Office that serves as a guiding tool for member states to ensure access to mental health and psychosocial support services during times of emergency.

<u>Prevention of Drug Use in Schools</u>

2021

Summary: An evidence-based guide published by the WHO South-East Asian Regional Office that documents the implementation of drug-use-prevention interventions in schools.

Every Life Matters: Understanding Suicide and its Impact

2021

Summary: An illustrative book published by the WHO South-East Asian Regional Office that highlights myths and facts about suicide, and provides important messages on suicide prevention.

SEARO (cont.)

Voice of the Children: Alcohol in the Eyes of the Young

2019

Summary: A unique advocacy brief by the WHO South-East Asian Regional Office that details the harmful effects of alcohol on physical health, emotions, families and relationships. It also highlights the association between alcohol and risk-taking behaviors in youth, such as DUI, violence, self-harm and suicide.

Mental Health Status of Adolescents in South East Asia: Evidence for Action

2017

Summary: Mental health conditions such as depression and anxiety in adolescence may lead to behavioral problems in the future. The failure to recognize and treat such conditions poses a serious public health issue in South East Asia, especially in the context of SDG 3.4 and 3.5. This publication serves as an evidence base to facilitate informed policy and further action by the WHO South-East Asian Regional Office.

WPRO

Regional Framework for the Future of Mental
Health in the Western Pacific 2023–2030

2023

Summary: Provides a vision of the future of mental health in the region. This Regional Framework was designed to support Member States in creating national strategies, plans and social policies on mental health, strengthening political advocacy and encouraging regional cooperation.

AFRO

<u>Urgent action needed to accelerate mental health</u> <u>progress in African region</u>

Summary: Provides overview of progress made in improving mental health services as well as the challenges that remain to be addressed.

The Impact of COVID-19 on Mental, Neurological and Substance Use Services 2020

Summary: A report published by the WHO African Regional Office on the impact of COVID-19 on mental, neurological and substance use services, concluded from rapid assessment results in the region.

2024

Progress Report on Mental Health and Psychosocial **Support Activities within the International Red Cross** and Red Crescent Movement Summary: A follow-up report to the 2019 and 2021 Red Cross Red surveys.

2024

2023

Crescent movement-wide mental health and psychosocial support

Position Statement on Promoting Health and Protecting Vulnerable Populations from Social Media and Online Harm

Summary: Position statement released by the American Psychiatric Association (APA), the largest professional membership society for psychiatrists worldwide, detailing its views on the protection of vulnerable populations from harmful social media and online engagement.

Why are mental health issues rising among young people?

2023

Summary: Youth Talks - an initiative for and by the youth, empowering them to actively promote their voices on a global scale - examines why mental health issues among youth are increasing. In the course of answering this question it also provides answers to: what is mental health. It discusses the growing prevalence of mental health issues among youth, contributing factors, signs and symptoms, the importance of early intervention, and the role of support systems.

Position Statement on Police Interactions with Children and Adolescents in Mental Health Crisis

2022

Summary: Position statement released by the American Psychiatric Association, the largest professional membership society for psychiatrists worldwide, detailing its views on the safety and protection of children and adolescents against undue police force and the effects of such interactions on mental health.

Position Statement on Mental Health Impact of Public Health Emergencies on Young People

2021

Summary: Position statement released by the American Psychiatric Association, the largest professional membership society for psychiatrists worldwide, detailing its views on the impacts of public health emergencies on the mental health of young people.

Position Statement on Immigration, Children, **Adolescents, and their Families**

2021

Summary: Position statement released by the American Psychiatric Association, the largest professional membership society for psychiatrists worldwide, detailing its views on the negative mental health impacts of immigration and the need for psychosocial support for migrant children.

Position Statement on Sexual Harassment

2021

Summary: Position statement released by the American Psychiatric Association, the largest professional membership society for psychiatrists worldwide, detailing its views on the various impacts of sexual harassment on mental health.

Compendium Report: Good Practices in the Council of Europe to Promote Voluntary Measures in Mental **Health Services**

2021

Summary: Report published by the Council of Europe on practices to promote voluntary measures in mental healthcare and support services in member states.

World Economic Forum Youth Mental Health 2020

2020

Summary: This publication focuses on developing global strategies to address youth mental health through early intervention, rapid access to care, and engagement of young people in mental health policies

Physical activity and exercise in youth mental health promotion: a scoping review

2020

Summary: The study provides an overview of the global prevalence of mental disorders among children and adolescents. It reviewed data from various sources and identified a high prevalence of mental disorders among children and adolescents worldwide.

2019 **Road to Recovery: Responding to Children's Mental Health in Conflict**

Summary: A briefing paper published by Save the Children International which sets the scale of mental health effects on children living in conflict zones and the role of education in responding to them.

NON-OFFICIAL RESOURCES (SPECIFIC

TIP: You can easily find research on the mental health situation in your assigned country by using the "name of your country" and the words "child and adolescent mental health" as keywords in your preferred search engine. Several examples follow of what you can find by following this one step.

Asia-Pacific

Hidden struggles: the surprising mental health crisis among Japan's youth

Summary: It details the mental health crisis among youth in Japan due to academci pressure, social norms, bullying and a lack of independence.

Child and Adolescent Mental Health Services in Australia: A descriptive analysis between 2015–16 and 2019–20

Summary: This study provides an analysis and commentary on child and adolescent mental health services (CAMHS) in Australia. The results indicated that child and adolescent inpatient admissions had the highest cost per patient day but lower rates of significant improvement and higher 14-day readmission rates than other ages. The authors suggest that these findings could be due to increased complexity in treating young people and call for further research as to the reasons for these treatment shortfalls.

Hidden struggles: the surprising mental health crisis among Japan's youth

Summary: It details the surprising fact that mental health is a crisis in Japan among youth.

Asia-Pacific (cont.)

Adolescent mental health in China requires more attention

2020

Summary: This article published by Lancet identifies the need for greater attention to be given to Adolescent mental health in China.

Five Years of Fear and Loss: The Devastating Impact of War on the Mental Health of Yemen's Children

2020

Summary: Report published by Save the Children International on the impact of Yemen's civil war on the mental health of children in the region.

JON-OFFICIAL RESOURCES (SPEC

Africa

Mental health problems in Somalia after decades of humanitarian crises: a qualitative exploration of perceptions and experiences

Summary: This paper provides a qualitative exploration of perceptions and experiences of mental health problems in Somalia after decades of humanitarian crises in order to develop an evidence-based, effective, equitable, and humane programme for mental health in the country. While the study is focused generally on the Somali population, the majority of participants (68.1%) were younger than 35 years. The results highlight how armed conflict is taking a toll on the mental health of Somali people, especially on the children and the young people.

Prioritizing children's mental health amidst Sudan's humanitarian crisis: policy recommendations for immediate action

2023

Summary: This paper contains policy recommendations for immediate action to prioritize children's mental health amidst Sudan's humanitarian crisis. Crucial strategies include enhancing healthcare accessibility for children and their caregivers, promoting education, and improving household living conditions. The paper also recommends partnerships with local non-governmental and humanitarian organizations to implement public health programs effectively.

Adolescent mental health research in Tanzania: a study protocol for a priority setting exercise and the development of an interinstitutional capacity strengthening programme

2021

Summary: The study aims are twofold: first, to identify gaps and priorities in adolescent mental health research in Tanzania and second, to identify gaps in capacity needed to deliver this research agenda, which will inform the development of a national research capacity programme to address these gaps. This research highlights the critical role that research plays in the development of adolescent mental health policies.

Africa (cont.)

Mental health and psychosocial well-being among adolescents in Tanzania

2021

Summary: A report focused on the mental health and psychosocial wellbeing among adolescents in Tanzania. This report is focused on identifying the key drivers of mental ill-health and psychosocial wellbeing among two subgroups of adolescents

ION-OFFICIAL RESOURCES (SPI

Americas

Kids' mental health is in crisis. Here's what psychologists are doing to help

2023

Summary: In addressing the complex and growing mental health needs of the youth population, this report focuses on the current strategies being adopted to address the youth mental health crisis.

Data and Statistics on Children's Mental Health

2023

Summary: This web page published by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention provides data and statistics on children's mental health in the United States.

Mental Health Disparities: Mexico's Struggle to Bridge the Gap

2023

2023

Summary: This webpage summarizes the results of a survey conducted for World Mental Health Day that uncovered a notable discrepancy in mental health awareness and accessibility in Mexico.

Promoting Mental Health and Well-Being in Schools: An Action Guide for School and District Leaders

Summary: An action guide designed for school and district authorities on the best methods to promote mental health and well-being in schools, published by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

ION-OFFICIAL RESOURCES (SPI

Americas (cont.)

Youth and Young Adult Peer Support Expanding Community-Driven Mental Health Resources

2022

Summary: With increasing stressors among youths, this plan was created to address the current youth mental health crisis. It covers the challenges and opportunities in youth and young adult mental health, the importance of peer support and lived experience leadership, a comprehensive approach to youth peer support, and key considerations to make a difference in supporting mental health services.

Youth Risk Behavior Survey Data Summary & Trends 2021 Report: 2011-2021

Summary: This report published by the United States Centers for Disease Control and Prevention provides the most recent surveillance data and 10-year trends on risk behaviors and experiences related to adolescent health and well being among high school students in the United States.

AAP-AACAP-CHA Declaration of a National Emergency in Child and Adolescent Mental Health

2021

Summary: Joint declaration endorsed by the American Academy of Pediatrics, American Academy of Child and Adolescent Psychiatry and Children's Hospital Association on the soaring raated of mental health challenges in the United States during the COVID-19 pandemic.

Europe

A Comprehensive Approach to Mental Health: Progress So Far

2024

Summary: A fact sheet about the 20 new flagship initiatives mentioned in the 'Comprehensive approach to mental health' adopted by the European Commission in June 2023.

Russian adolescent mental health in 2002, 2015 and during the COVID-19 pandemic in 2021

2022

Summary: This study examined changes in adolescent mental health and substance use in Russia between 2002, 2015 and during the pandemic in 2021.

Eastern Mediterranian

Trapped: The Impact of 15 Years of Blockade on the Mental Health of Gaza's Children

Summary: Report published by Save the Children International on the impact of life-threatening situations and 15 years of blockade in Gaza on the mental health of children in the region.